

Apostrophes

**Apostrophes are used to show ownership or omission.
They are NEVER used to indicate a plural.**

A. As a class, think of as many words as you can that use apostrophes to show omission (when a letter is left out). You may wish to write these on the board...

Examples:

Can't Don't Won't Shan't Couldn't Isn't etc.

B1. Apostrophes. Put apostrophes in the following 7 statements to indicate ownership.

1. Look! There are Mr. Baker's Ferraris.
2. These are Miss Jukes' Jimmy Choos.
3. That cricket player's bat has broken...
4. These are Mrs. Jones' cakes.
5. Mr. Scarborough's lessons are always brilliant.
6. I was at James' house last night.
7. These are Mr Daley's Faberge eggs.

B2. There is one exception to this rule.

We do not use an apostrophe with **its** to show ownership; only omission.
Example: The dog chewed its food noisily.

It's = It is

That's all Folks!

Using Commas and Full Stops

*What are **Commas**?*
*What are **Full Stops**?*

A. Commas. Work out how the meaning of the sentence would change if the comma was deleted.

1. *From the Oxford Dictionary definition of a Panda...*

“Eats, shoots and leaves.”

2. *From Harry Potter and the Philosopher’s Stone...*

“Harry, is Lord Voldemort...” began Hermione.

“Yes.” Answered Harry. “Lord Voldemort is alive.”

B. Full Stops.

1. Take a deep breath and see if you can read to the end of the sentence!

Do you think full stops are an important feature of writing?

Extract from Skellig by David Almond:

I found him in the garage on a Sunday afternoon It was the day after we moved into Falconer Road The winter was ending Mum had said we’d be moving just in time for the spring Nobody else was there Just me The others were inside the house with Doctor Death worrying about the baby He was lying there in the darkness behind the tea chests in the dust and dirt It was as if he’d been there forever He was filthy and pale and dried out and I thought he was dead I couldn’t have been more wrong I’d soon begin to see the truth about him that there’d never been another creature like him in the world

There are **12** missing full stops. There are **3** missing commas. See if you can find out where they should be and put them in.

$\frac{54}{\div 18}$	$\frac{342}{\div 19}$	$\frac{3}{+ 19}$	$\frac{12}{\times 15}$	$\frac{85}{\div 17}$	$\frac{285}{\div 15}$
$\frac{15}{\times 3}$	$\frac{22}{- 13}$	$\frac{20}{- 8}$	$\frac{19}{- 11}$	$\frac{252}{\div 14}$	$\frac{56}{\div 4}$
$\frac{22}{- 4}$	$\frac{16}{- 11}$	$\frac{96}{\div 12}$	$\frac{16}{\times 11}$	$\frac{13}{+ 8}$	$\frac{1}{\div 1}$
$\frac{1}{\times 20}$	$\frac{3}{\times 15}$	$\frac{21}{- 17}$	$\frac{16}{+ 5}$	$\frac{35}{- 15}$	$\frac{3}{- 1}$
$\frac{5}{+ 7}$	$\frac{3}{+ 2}$	$\frac{95}{\div 19}$	$\frac{14}{- 10}$	$\frac{10}{- 7}$	$\frac{33}{\div 3}$
$\frac{28}{- 8}$	$\frac{20}{- 4}$	$\frac{18}{+ 16}$	$\frac{6}{+ 18}$	$\frac{8}{+ 18}$	$\frac{29}{- 15}$

Practise:

- 1) $17825 + 19762$
- 2) $11792 - 6287$
- 3) 132×7
- 4) $156 \div 6 =$

Use & Apply

- 1) $17823 - \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
= 6253
- 2) $\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times 6 = 384$
- 3) $15 \times 10 = 100 + \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- 4) $240 \div 10 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times 6$
- 5) Beth and Mabel share £410 between them. Beth received £100 more than Mabel. How much did Mabel receive?
- 6) Anna got £268 for her birthday. Ted received £165. What is the difference between the 2 amounts?

Reasoning:

- 1) My answer is 5,398
What's the question?
Create 3 addition calculations.
Create 3 subtraction questions.
Did you use a strategy?
Explain it.