

Attendance Pdicy

Approval Requirements	Full Governing Body
Approval/Ratification Date	May 2023
Revi ew dat e	May 2026 (or sooner if advised/legislation)
S gned - Headt eacher	Dhanecha.

Cont ent s

1.	A ms	2
2	Legi slati on and gui dance	2
3.	Rd es and responsi bilities	2
4.	Recording attendance	4
5.	Aut hori sed and unaut hori sed absence	6
6.	Strategies for promoting attendance	6
7.	Attendance monitoring	7
8.	Monitoring arrangements	8
9.	Links with ather policies	8
	Append x 1: attendance codes	8

1. Aims

We are committed to meeting our obligation with regards to school attendance through our whole school culture and ethos that values good attendance, induding:

- > Promoting good attendance
- > Reducing absence, induding persistent and severe absence
- > Ensuring every pupil has access to the full-time education to which they are entitled
- > Acting early to address patterns of absence
- > Building strong relationships with families to ensure children have the support in place to attend school.

 We will also promote and support punctuality in attending lessons.

2 Legislation and guidance

This policy meets the requirements of the <u>working together to improve school</u> <u>attendance</u> from the Department for Education (DfE), and refers to the DfEs statutory guidance on <u>school</u> <u>attendance parental</u> responsibility <u>measures</u>. These documents are drawn from the following legislation setting out the legal powers and duties that govern school attendance:

- > Part 6 of The Education Act 1996
- > Part 3 of The Education Act 2002
- > Part 7 of The Education and Inspections Act 2006
- > The Education (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2006 (and 2010, 2011, 2013, 2016 a mend ments)
- > The Education (Penalty Notices) (England) (Amendment) Regulations 2013

This policy also refers to the DfEs guidance on the school census, which explains the persistent absence threshold

3. Rd es and responsi bilities

3.1 The governors of the school

The governors are responsible for:

- > Promoting the importance of school attendance across the school's pdidies and ethos
- > Making sure school leaders fulfil expectations and statutory duties

- > Regularly reviewing and chall enging attendance data
- > Monit oring attendance figures for the whole school
- > Making sure staff receive adequate training on attendance
- > Holding the headteacher to account for the implementation of this policy

3.2 The headt eacher (designated person)

The headt eacher is responsible for:

- > Implementation of this policy at the school
- > Offering a dear vision for attendance improvement
- > Monit oring school-level absence dat a and reporting it to governors
- > Supporting staff with monitoring the attendance of individual children
- > Monitoring the impact of any implemented attendance strategies
- > Issuing fixed-penalty notices, where necessary
- > Working with the Attendance and Welfare Officer to devise specific strategies to address areas of poor attendance identified through data
- > Working with the Attendance Officer to arrange calls and meetings with parents to discuss attendance issues
- > Ensuring that targeted intervention and support is delivered to children and families

3.4 The Attendance and Welfare Officer

The school attendance officer is responsible for:

- > Monit oring and analysing attendance data (see section 7)
- > Bench marking attendance datatoidentify areas of focus for improvement
- > Providing regular attendance reports to school staff and reporting concerns about attendance to the headteacher and governors.
- > Working with education welfare officers to tackle persistent absence
- > Advising the headteacher when to issue fixed-penalty notices and completing necessary paper work

3.5 Class teachers

O assteachers are responsible for recording attendance on a daily basis, using the correct codes, and submitting this information to the school office. This needs to be done within half an hour of each registration period (8 55 and 13 00).

3.6 School office staff

School office staff will:

- > Take calls from parents and carers about absence on a day-to-day basis and recordit on the school system
- > Transfer calls from parents to the attendance and welfare officer in order to provide them with more detailed support on attendance

3.7 Parents/carers

Parents/carers are expected tα

> Make sure their child attends every day on time

- > Call the school to report their childs absence before 9.00am on the day of the absence and each subsequent day of absence (unless an absence period is dictated on medical grounds eg. A hospital stay) and advise when they are expected to return
- > Provide the school with more than one emergency contact number for their child
- > Ensure that, where possible, all appoint ments for their child are made outside of the school day

3.8 Children

Children are expected to

- > Attend school every day on time
- > Beintheir dassrooms in time for registration

4. Recording attendance

4.1 Attendance register

We will keep an attendance register, and place all children onto this register.

We will take our attendance register at the start of the first session of each school day and once during the second session. It will mark what her every pupil is

- > Present
- > Attending an approved off-site educational activity
- > Absent
- > Unable to attend due to exceptional dircumstances

Any amendment to the attendance register will indude:

- > The original entry
- > The amended entry
- > The reason for the amendment
- > The date on which the amendment was made
- > The name and position of the person who made the amendment

See append x 1 for the D E attendance codes.

We will also record

- > For children of compulsory school age, what her the absence is authorised or not
- > The nature of the activity if a pupil is attending an approved educational activity
- > The nature of dircumstances where a pupil is unable to attend due to exceptional dircumstances

We will keep every entry on the attendance register for 3 years after the date on which the entry was made.

Children must arrive in school by 8.55 on each school day, but they may come into the school building from 8.45. There is no supervision on playgrounds before school so children are expected to arrive in this timeframe and go straight to diass.

The register for the first session will be taken at 8.55 and will be kept open until 9.30. The register for the second session will be taken at 13.00 and will be kept open until 13.30

4. 2 Unpl anned absence

The pupil's parent/carer must notify the school of the reason for the absence on the first day of an unplanned absence by 9.30, or as soon as practically possible by calling the school office staff. There is also an answer phone for messages out of hours (see also section 7).

We will mark absence due to ill ness as authorised unless the school has a genuine concern about the authenticity of the ill ness.

If the authenticity of the ill nessis in doubt, the school may ask the pupil's parent/carer to provide medical evidence, such as a doctor's note, prescription, appointment card or other appropriate form of evidence. We will not ask for medical evidence unnecessarily.

If the school is not satisfied about the authenticity of the illness, the absence will be recorded as unauthorised and parents/carers will be notified of this in advance.

4.3 Ranned absence

Attending a medical or dental appoint ment will be counted as authorised as long as the pupil's parent/carer notifies the school in advance of the appoint ment.

However, we encourage parents/carers to make medical and dental appoint ments out of school hours where possible. Where this is not possible, the pupil should be out of school for the minimum amount of time necessary.

Parents and carers may request leave for appoint ments verbally but will be required to provide a screenshot of an appoint ment, appointment card or letter. Without this, leave will be unauthorized.

The pupil's parent/carer must also apply for other types of term time absence as far in advance as possible of the requested absence. Go to section 5 to find out which term time absences the school can authorise.

4. 4 Lateness and punctuality

Children who are late for school often miss important introductions to the learning for the day. It is disruptive for the dass and can be embarrassing and unsettling for the child

A pupil who arrives late:

- > Before the register has dosed (9.30) will be marked as late, using the appropriate code
- > After the register has dosed will be marked as absent, using the appropriate code

Where a child is persistently late, staff will talk to parents/ carers and offer support to ensure that punctuality improves. This may be followed up in writing and an attendance meeting will be arranged if it does not improve. The emphasis is on understanding the barriers to punctual attendance and providing support wherever possible.

4.5 Following up unexplained absence

Where any pupil we expect to attend school does not attend, or stops attending, without reason, the school will:

- > Call the pupil's parent/carer on the morning of the first day of unexplained absence to ascertain the reason. If the school cannot reach any of the pupil's emergency contacts, the school may visit the home and contact police if the family cannot be located.
- > Identify what her the absence is approved or not
- > Identify the correct attendance code to use and input it as soon as the reason for absence is ascertained this will be no later than 5 working days after the session
- > Call the parent/carer on each day that the absence continues without explanation to ensure proper safeguarding action is taken where necessary. If absence continues, the school will consider involving an education welfare officer

4. 6 Reporting to parent s/ carers

The school will regularly inform parents about their child's attendance and absence levels, ensuring that parenst/carers are aware if their childs attendance or punctuality falls below acceptable limits.

5. Aut hori sed and unaut hori sed absence

5.1 Approval for ter m-ti me absence

The headteacher will only grant alleave of absence to a pupil during term time if they consider there to be 'exceptional dircumstances'. Alleave of absence is granted at the headteacher's discretion, indiuding the length of time the pupil is authorised to be absent for.

We define 'exceptional dircumstances, for example, as:

- The death of a sibling, parent or grandparent.
- The funeral of a sibling, parent or grandparent. This would indude reasonable travel only and not a prolonged stay away.
- A serious accident that the children was ether involved in or witnessed
- A significant event involving police.

The school considers each application for term time absence individually, taking into account the specific facts, dircumstances and relevant context behind the request.

Any request should be submitted as soon as it is anticipated and, where possible, at least 7 days before the absence. Requests for absence must be made to the headt eacher, **in writing** stating the reason for the request. The headt eacher may require evidence to support any request for leave of absence.

Valid reasons for authorised absence indude:

- > Ill ness and medical/dential appoint mentis that cannot be taken outside of school time(see sections 4.2 and 4.3 for more detail)
- > Religious observance where the day is exdusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which the pupil's parents belong. If necessary, the school will seek advice from the parents' religious body to confirm what her the day is set apart
- > Traveller children travelling for occupational purposes this covers Roma, English and Welsh gypsies, Irish and Scottish travellers, showmen (fairground people) and circus people, bargees (occupational boat dwellers) and new travellers. Absence may be authorised only when a traveller family is known to be travelling for occupational purposes and has agreed this with the school, but it is not known what her the pupil is attending educational provision

The local authority can fine parents for the unauthorised absence of their childfrom school, where the childis of compulsory school age.

If issued with a fine, or penalty notice, each parent must pay £60 within 21 days or £120 within 28 days. The payment must be made directly to the local authority.

Penalty notices can be referred to the local authority by a headteacher, or the police.

The decision on what her or not to issue a penalty notice may take into account:

- > The number of unauthorised absences occurring within a rolling academic year
- > One-offinstances of irregular attendance, such as holidays taken intermit me without permission
- > Where an excluded pupil is found in a public place during school hours without a justifiable reason

If the payment has not been made after 28 days, the local authority can decide whether to prosecute or withor awthe notice.

6. Strategies for promoting attendance

The school seeks to work with parents and carers to ensure good school attendance. It is recognised that young children are not responsible for lateness and poor attendance and so rewards need to be sensitively managed. Children are praised for improvements to attendance and are supported to begin to take responsibility for ensuring that they are ready for school each day.

Some children with medical conditions will find it dfficult to secure full attendance and this is managed sensitively through care plans and discussions with parents.

7. Attendance monitoring

Whole school attendance is monitored against FFT national data each time it is issued. The Attendance and Welfare Officer monitors the attendance of children identified as having falling attendance, persistent absence or lateness. Sims and Opoms systems are used to easily manipulate this data. The Attendance and Welfare Officer is trained to DSL level and attends weekly DSL meetings, so there is "joined up" thinking around attendance and any safequarding, or potential safeguarding issues.

7.1 Monitoring attendance

The schod will:

- > Monitor attendance and absence data at least half-termly, termly and yearly across the school and at an individual pupil level
- > Identify what her or not there are particular groups of children whose absences may be a cause for concern

Pupil-level absence data will be collected each term and published at national and local authority level through the DiEs school absence national statistics releases. The underlying school-level absence data is published alongside the national statistics. The school will compare attendance data to the national average, and share this with the governing board.

7. 2 Analysing attendance

The schod will:

- Analyse attendance and absence data regularly to identify children or cohorts that need additional support with their attendance, and use this analysis to provide targeted support to these children and their families
- Look at historic and emerging patterns of attendance and absence, and then develop strategies to address these patterns

7.3 Using datatoimprove attendance

The schod will:

- > Provide regular attendance reports to diass teachers and other school leaders, to facilitate discussions with children and families
- > Use data to monitor and evaluate the impact of any interventions put in place in order to modify the mand inform future strategies

7. 4 Reducing persistent and severe absence

Persistent absence is where a pupil misses 10 % or more of school, and severe absence is where a pupil misses 50 % or more of school.

The schod will:

- > Use attendance datatofind patterns and trends of persistent and severe absence
- > Hold regular meetings with the parents of children who the school (and/orlocal authority) considers to be vulnerable, or are persistently or severely absent, to discuss attendance and engagement at school
- > Provide access to wider support services to remove the barriers to attendance
- > Visit children's homes where the children are absent without explanation and the school is unable to contact the family.
- A ways seek to support wherever possible, signposting and providing advice.

8. Monitoring arrangements

This policy will be reviewed as guidance from the local authority or DiE is updated, and as a minimum every three years. At every review, the policy will be approved by the full governing board.

9. Links with other policies

This pdicylinks to the fdlowing pdicies:

- > Child protection and safeguarding policy
- > Behaviour and Discipline Policy

Appendix 1: attendance codes

The fdlowing codes are taken from the DEs guidance on school attendance.

Code	Defi niti on	Scenari o
1	Present (an)	Pupilis present at morning registration
١	Present (pm)	Pupil is present at afternoon registration
L	Lat e arri val	Pupil arrives late before register has dosed
В	Off-site educational activity	Pupil is at a supervised off-site educational activity approved by the school
D	Dual registered	Pupil is attending a session at another setting where they are also registered
J	Interview	Pupil has an interview with a prospective employer/educational establishment
Р	Sporting activity	Pupil is parti dipati ng in a super vi sed sporti ng acti vity approved by the school
v	Educational trip or visit	Pupil is on an educational visit/trip organised, or approved, by the school
w	Work experience	Pupil is on a work experience placement

Code	Defi riti on	Scenari o
Aut hori sed absence		

С	Aut hori sed I eave of absence	Pupil has been granted aleave of absence due to exceptional dircumstances
E	Exd uded	Pupil has been exduded but no alternative provision has been made
н	Aut hori sed hdi day	Pupil has been allowed to go on holiday due to exceptional dircumstances
ı	III ness	School has been notified that a pupil will be absent due to ill ness
М	Medical/dental appointment	Pupilisata medical or dental appointment
R	Religious observance	Pupil istaking part in a day of religious observance
s	St udy I eave	Year 11 pupilis on studyleave during their public examinations
Т	Gypsy, Roma and traveller absence	Pupil from a traveller community is travelling, as agreed with the school
Unaut hori sed absence		
G	Unaut hori sed hdi day	Pupilis on a holiday that was not approved by the school
N	Reason not provided	Pupil is absent for an unknown reason (this code should be amended when the reason emerges, or replaced with code Oif no reason for absence has been provided after a reasonable amount of time)
0	Unaut hori sed absence	School is not satisfied with reason for pupil's absence
U	Arrival after registration	Pupil arrived at school after the register dosed

Code	Defi riti on	Scenari o
X	Not required to be in school	Pupil of non-compulsory school age is not required to attend

Y	Unable to attend due to exceptional dircumstances	School site is dosed, there is doruption to travel as a result of a local/national emergency, or pupilisin custody
Z	Pupil not on admission register	Register set up but pupil has not yet joined the school
#	R anned school dosure	Whole or partial school dosure due to half- ter m/bank hdiday/INSET day